



A Proactive Approach To North-Central Texas Growth & Development:

Integrated Transportation and Stormwater Infrastructure (TSI)

Aaron Hoff, Watershed Programs Manager Tarrant Regional Water District, Fort Worth, TX Urban Riparian Symposium – February 20, 2025

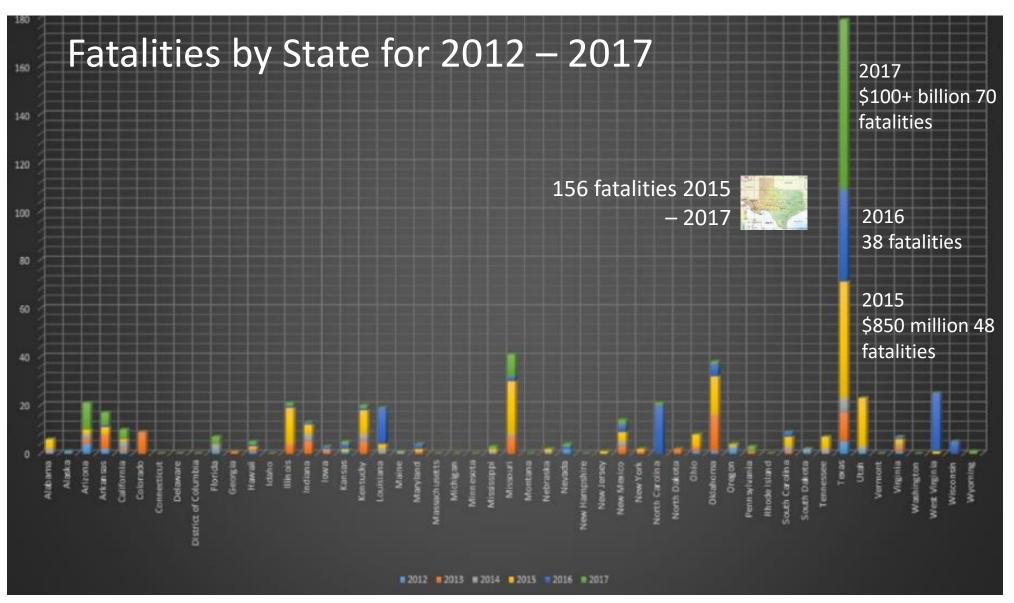




Flooding Fatalities and Damages

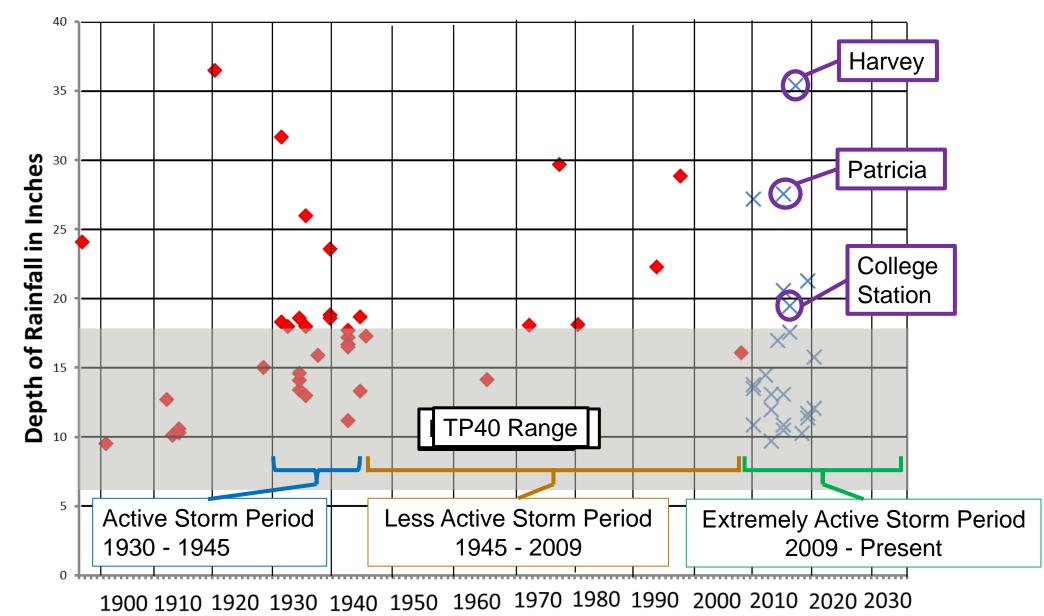
Texas far outpaces other states in floodrelated fatalities and floodrelated damages

Source: Gregory Waller, Service Coordination Hydrologist, NWS – West Gulf River Forecast Center, http://www.nws.noaa.gov/om/hazstats.s html, 11/18 TFMA

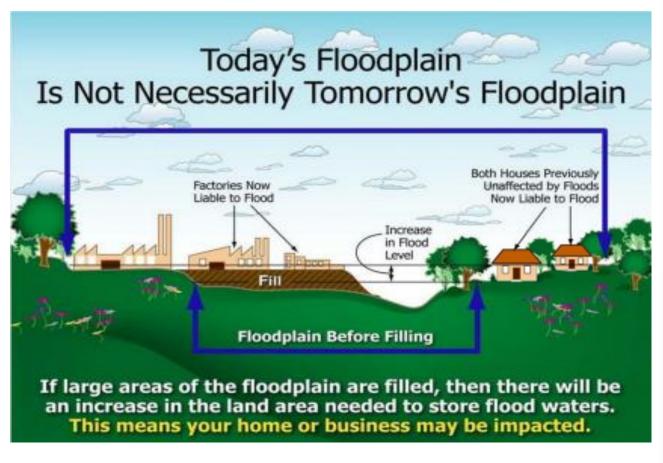


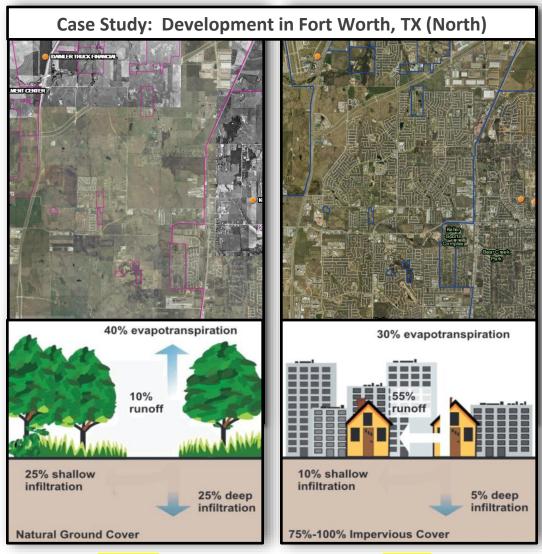
Extreme Storms... A History Lesson





Urbanization Challenges







AFTER

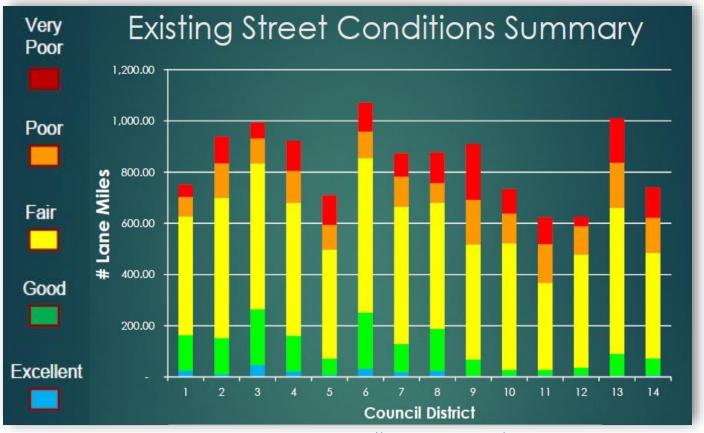
Stormwater Challenges

- No regionwide data
- Piece-meal/lacks connectivity
- NOAA Atlas 14 rainfall estimates
 - Required for infrastructure design, planning, and delineation of flood risk
 - 2022 FLOODS Act
 - 10-year updates



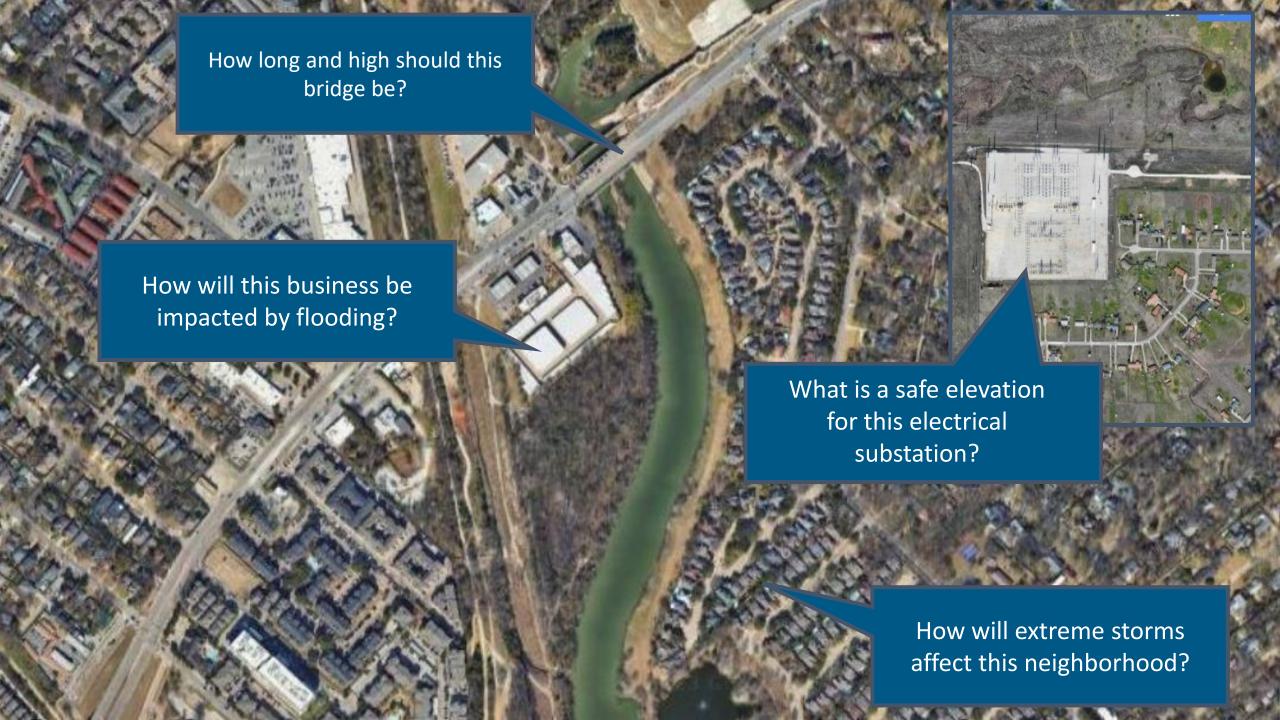
Transportation Challenges

- Transportation spending is high and growing
- Rate of deterioration for transportation infrastructure increasing
- Needs far outweigh resources



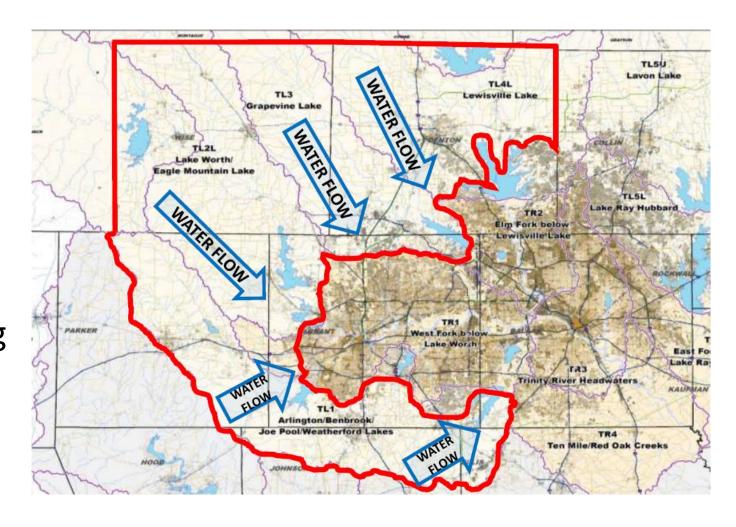
Source: Dallas 2017 Bond Program – http://www.dallasbond.com/





Integrated Transportation and Stormwater Infrastructure (TSI) Initiative

- Integrate stormwater management, urban development, transportation, and environmental planning
- Identify impacts and alleviate risks from flooding
- Get ahead of growth
- Reduce costs





Project Area Details

- 85 cities and portions of 8 counties
- 126% increase in population (2020 2045)
- 60% undeveloped (2015)
- 19% growth in impervious surface (2006 2016)
- > 7,000 miles of streams and
 > 274,000 acres of 100-year floodplain



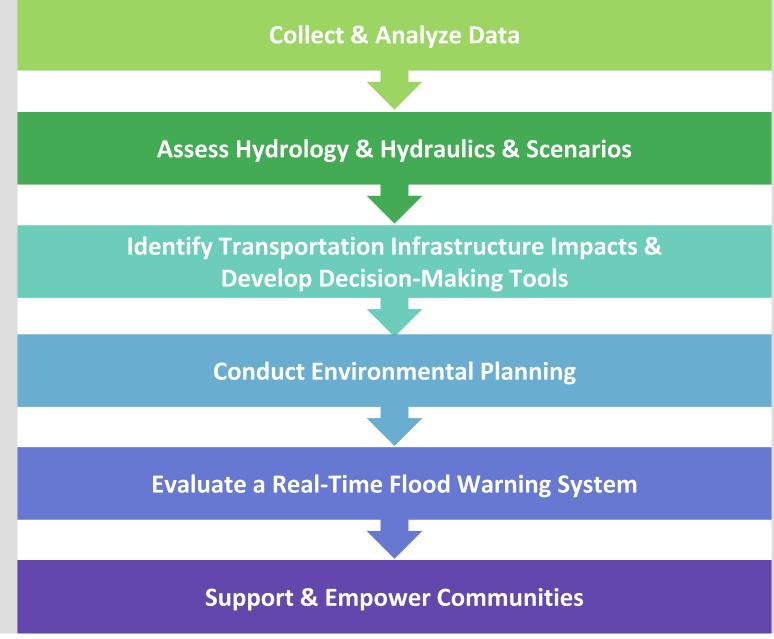
Photo courtesy of City of Newark



Stakeholder Engagement

- 1. Identifying Stakeholders
- 2. Prioritizing Local Governments for Outreach
- 3. Preparing for Outreach to Local Governments
- 4. Following Up After Outreach to Local Governments
- 5. Addressing Equity
- 6. Reaching Rural and Agricultural Audiences
- 7. Reaching Business Audiences





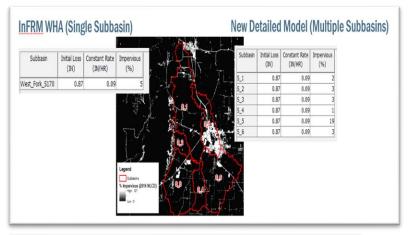


Mapping, Modeling,

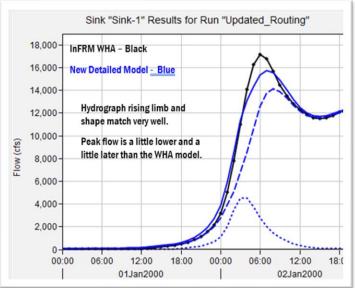
Recommendations

and Policy

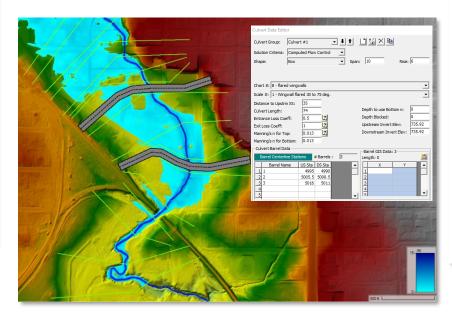
H&H Modeling Approach

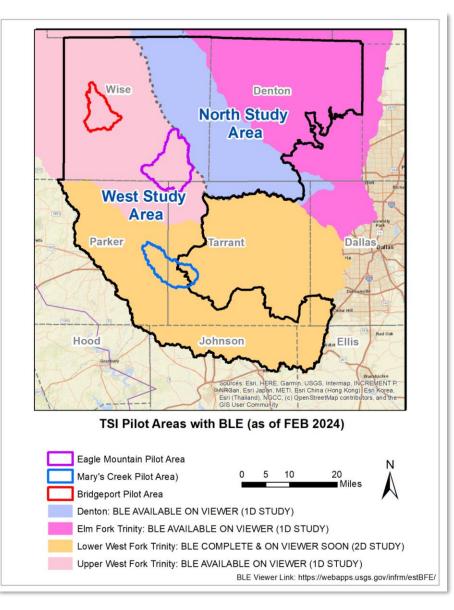


- Testing and refining enhancements of InFRM Watershed Hydrology Assessment (WHA) to ensure quality & applicability
- Enhance hydraulic models to ensure accuracy and usability



integrating Transportation & Stormwater Infrastructure





Approach to Flood Risk Reduction: Flood-prone Area ID

 Indicator method: Develop a flood susceptibility map using a GIS stacking model that includes four categories of conditioning factors: Environmental, Socio-economical, Infrastructural, and Institutional

Environmental

Topographical

- Elevation
- Slope
- LS factor
- Aspect
- Curvature
- TWI
- TRI

Meteorological

- · Rainfall intensity
- Rainfall duration
- Rainfall frequency

Geological

- · Geology (lithology)
- · Soil hydrologic group

Hydromorphological

- SPI
- STI
- Stream order
- · Distance from river
- Stream density
- Flow accumulation
- Flow direction
- Time of concentration
- Curve number

Land use/cover

- NDVI
- NDWI
- Imperviousness or NDBI

Socio-economical

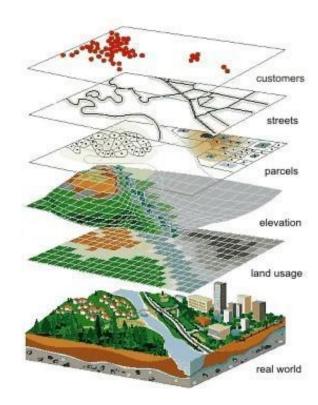
- Social vulnerability index
- Population density

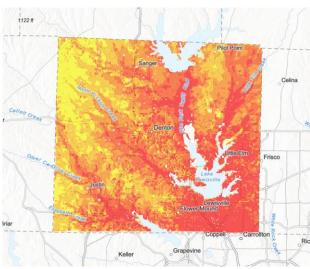
Infrastructural

- Distance from transportation network
- Distance from NRCS BMPs (ex. water harvesting catchment, pumping plant, roof runoff structure)

Institutional

 Distance from USGS streamflow monitoring gauges



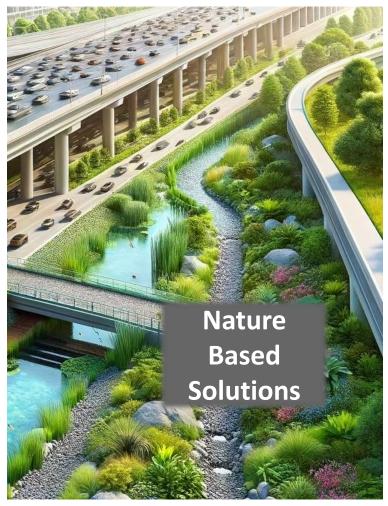




Note: Factors are summarized based on a literature review from 30 peer-reviewed journal articles over the past three years. All these factors could be considered in TSI study according to the data availability.

Result: A menu of options & integration where it makes sense





Note that these images were made with AI to appease our robot overlords that will eventually rule over all humankind*



Green Stormwater Infrastructure Integration

10% of the park converted to bioretention area









Environmental Planning – what is it?

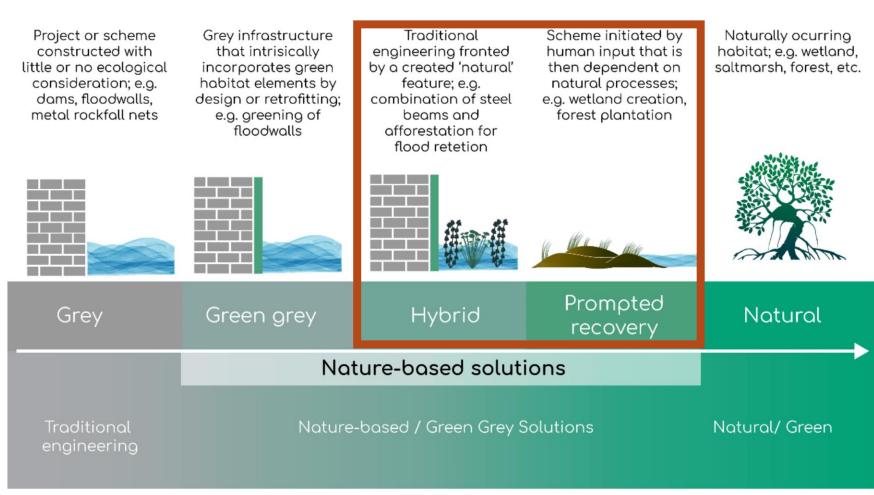
ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING Environmental Planning Process Scoping & Problem Baseline Alternatives Impact Identification Assessment Analysis Assessment 0 Stakeholder Engagement Monitoring and Decision-Making Mitigation and and Communication Management and Authorization Enhancement

| 3.2.9 | Optimization study: model ideal location and sizing for ponds and other drainage/flood control structures, and consider potential alternatives to reduce downstream flows. |
|-------|--|
| 3.2.8 | Planning tool with map of vulnerable areas to identify design criteria and opportunities for environmental stewardship as potential revenue |
| 3.3.1 | Memo documenting review of ongoing planning and infrastructure efforts related to green stormwater infrastructure and nature based solutions |
| 3.3.9 | Web-based map that identifies flood prone areas and ideal locations for implementation of GSI and NBS |
| 3.3.6 | Fact sheets on GSI and NBS applications illustrating project economics |
| 3.3.7 | Documented ROI of identified GSI and NBS applications using Economic & Environmental Benefits of Stewardship tool, to produce a menu of options for communities |
| 3.3.3 | List of GSI and NBS suitability index based on geological, social, and environmental parameters and ranking of project types and locations |
| 3.3.5 | Financial pro forma, benefit cost analysis tool for various GSI and NBS applications |
| 3.3.2 | Environmental and wetland analysis memo (mitigation banking considerations) |
| 3.3.4 | Literature review of ROI for developers and cities that have preserved floodplain areas and implemented GSI |
| 3.5.1 | Document potential options or incentives to provide for conservation and preservation of flood-prone and environmentally sensitive areas |
| | |



Environmental Planning: Know what you know you know

- What GSI/NBS projects have been implemented locally?
- Any local efforts to monetize restoration?
 - Mitigation banks
 - Other revenue generation



Source: Martin JGC, Scolobig A, Linnerooth-Bayer J, Liu W, Balsiger J. Catalyzing Innovation: Governance Enablers of Nature-Based Solutions. *Sustainability*. 2021; 13(4):1971. https://doi.org/10.3390/su13041971



GSI/NBS - What works best where?

- Map your vulnerable areas
- Index suitable projects for those areas
- Optimize for implementation
 - Alternatives analysis

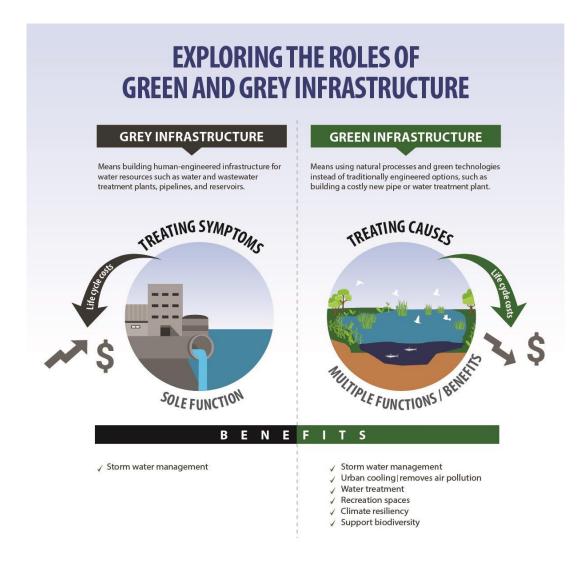


Source: Stefanakis, Alexandros et. al. (2021). Nature-Based Solutions as a Tool in the New Circular Economic Model for Climate Change Adaptation. Circular Economy and Sustainability. 1. 10.1007/s43615-021-00022-3.



Let's talk \$\$\$ - Support & Empower Communities

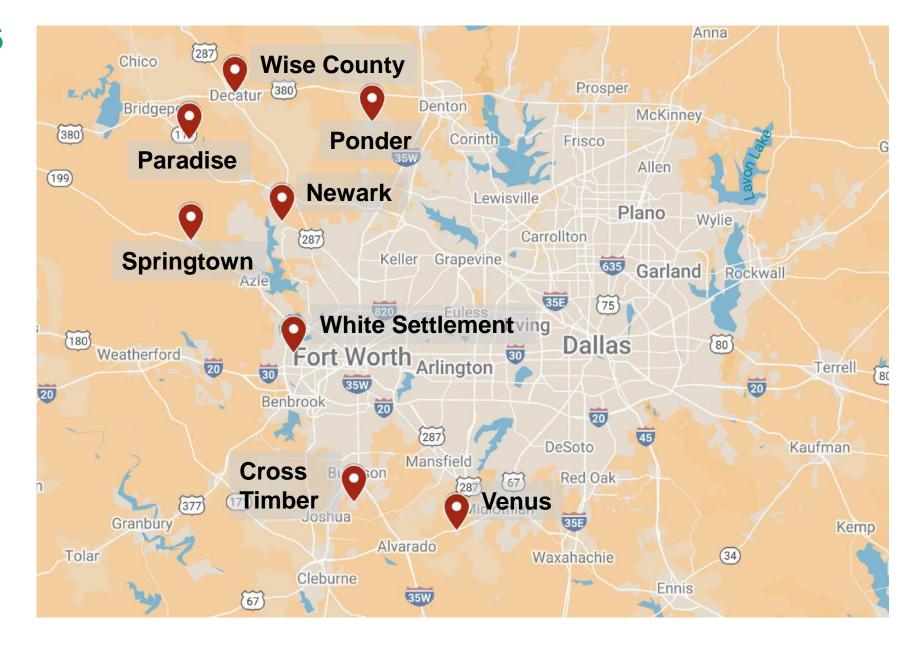
- Talk to developers/municipal staff
 - ROI on implemented GSI/NBS
 - Greenspace preservation
- Don't overlook the Power of Stewardship
 - Social capital
 - Economic & Environmental Benefits
- Make a menu using feedback and existing tools
 - Include cost/benefit analysis
 - What's the best ROI for my community?
- Incentivize conservation/preservation
 - Existing codes, ordinances, and policies
 - Model policies





Communities Visited

- Cross Timber
- Newark
- Paradise
- Ponder
- Springtown
- Venus
- White Settlement
- Wise County



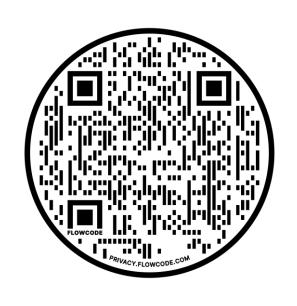


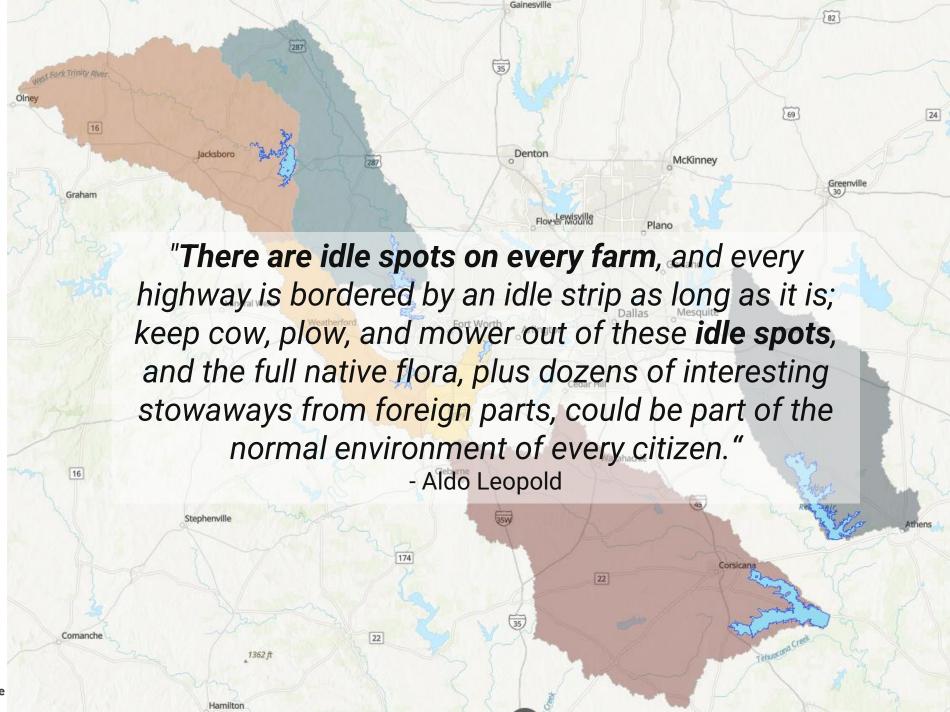
Change the Perception

Stormwater as a valuable resource, not a nuisance to be gotten rid of or passed on to your neighbor to "deal with"











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Funding Partners

- Texas Water Development Board
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Study Partners

- North Central Texas Council of Governments
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- University of Texas at Arlington
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- Tarrant Regional Water District

